

Alexandria Division

UNITED	STATES	OF AMERICA	
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v.

Case No. 1:17-mj-621

SEAN ANDREW DUNCAN

Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF A CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

- I, Special Agent Katherine Campo, being first duly sworn, hereby depose and state as follows:
- 1. I am a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (hereinafter FBI), assigned to the Washington Field Office, Joint Terrorism Task Force (JTTF). I have been an FBI Special Agent since 2017. As part of my duties, I investigate terrorist activities associated with Homegrown Violent Extremists (HVE). I have participated in counterterrorism investigations, during the course of which I have executed court authorized search warrants, and used other investigative techniques to secure relevant information regarding various crimes.
- 2. I submit this affidavit in support of a criminal complaint for Sean Andrew Duncan for knowingly altering, destroying, mutilating, and concealing tangible objects, that is, a thumb drive and memory chip, with the intent to impede and obstruct the investigation of a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"), a department or agency of the United States, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1519.
- 3. This affidavit contains information necessary to support probable cause. The information contained in this affidavit is not intended to include each and every fact and matter

observed by me or known to the government. The facts in this affidavit come from my personal observations, my training and experience, and information obtained from other agents, law enforcement officers and witnesses. This affidavit is intended to show merely that there is sufficient probable cause for the requested warrants and does not set forth all of my knowledge about this matter. When I refer in this affidavit to something occurring on a particular date, I mean "on or about" that date.

Probable Cause

- I. <u>Duncan Possessed Evidence on Memory Chips and Thumb Drives</u>
- 5. In February 2016, the FBI received information regarding Sean Andrew Duncan, (hereinafter "Duncan"), a United States citizen, who moved to Sterling, Virginia in June 2017 from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. One of Duncan's relatives reported that Duncan had converted to Islam, may have been radicalized, and voiced his approval of westerners being beheaded in the Middle East. Duncan's relative reported that Duncan and his wife planned to travel to Turkey.
- 6. On December 6, 2017, the FBI conducted a search of Twitter and found an account associated with a phone number ending in 7730. According to an open source review of Twitter, the account was created in "November 2015" and has the Twitter handle @DawlahtulIslaam. The phrase "Dawlahtul Isla[a]m" is an Arabic phrase that roughly translates to "The Islamic State." According to the application for a U.S. passport that Duncan submitted in November 2015, Duncan listed a phone number ending in 7730.

A. Travel to Turkey

7. According to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Duncan and his wife each booked a flight to Istanbul, Turkey, departing from Washington Dulles International Airport, on February 26, 2016. The reservations reflected that Duncan and his wife were scheduled to depart

Turkey for Bangladesh on March 4, 2016, and return to the United States on March 20, 2016. In fact, on February 26, 2016, Duncan and his wife departed the United States for Turkey. On February 27, 2016, they were denied entry into Turkey and returned to the United States. Upon their return, they were interviewed by the FBI.

- 8. On March 1, 2016 - two days after returning from Turkey and being interviewed by the FBI - Duncan deleted his Facebook account. On or about March 2, 2016, an Internet search of a Facebook account known to belong to Duncan revealed that Duncan's account was no longer active. Two days later, Duncan changed his cellular telephone number from a number ending in 7730 to a number ending in 9440, as confirmed by the service provider.
 - B. Duncan's Contact with a Foreign Detained Citizen
- 9. On July 25, 2017, during an interview with FBI agents, an unnamed coconspirator (hereinafter "UCC"), who was in the custody of a foreign government for actively
 planning to travel to join ISIS, provided information regarding Duncan. According to UCC,
 Duncan was one of her U.S.-based contacts who had expressed an interest in joining ISIS,
 expressed an interest in conducting an attack in his homeland (the United States), and provided
 her instructions on how to construct homemade bombs. Duncan and UCC primarily spoke on
 encrypted mobile messaging applications. UCC also confirmed that she communicated with
 Duncan on a mobile messaging account ("MM1").
- 10. UCC told FBI Agents she first became acquainted with Duncan on social media in or around January 2015 when Duncan sent her a friend request. UCC assessed that Duncan had come to know about her profile through a mutual friend. UCC and Duncan initially communicated through social media but subsequently exchanged phone numbers and

¹ UCC's statements have been independently corroborated and deemed reliable.

communicated on encrypted mobile messaging applications.

- News²—an ISIS news outlet. During their communications in early 2015, Duncan expressed agreement with ISIS spokesman Abu Mohammad Al-Adnani's³ statement that Muslims should be striking their own homelands. UCC recalled that when she asked Duncan directly if he supported ISIS, he replied that he did. In addition, UCC made it clear to Duncan from the start of their relationship in the beginning of 2015 that she would not communicate with him unless he was "pro-ISIS." UCC was looking for a "Salafi or an ISIS supporter" to marry and live with in Syria. She believed she would reap "heavenly rewards" if she married an ISIS fighter who died in battle.
- 12. In or around February 2015, UCC asked Duncan if he intended to go to Syria. Duncan told UCC that he wanted to make "hijrah" to Syria and that he wanted UCC to go with him to Syria. In order for Duncan and UCC to go to Syria together, Duncan proposed marriage to UCC. Duncan's proposal occurred over an encrypted mobile messaging application. Duncan told UCC that after they were married, he wanted to plan their trip to Syria. Duncan wanted to come to UCC's country to propose to UCC in person, but she said it was too soon. As a result of UCC rejecting Duncan's offer of marriage, the two broke contact in or

² Amaq News Agency is used by ISIS to spread extremist propaganda, recruitment, and to announce responsibility for ISIS-inspired attacks across the Western world and Middle East.

³ Abu Muhammad Al-Adnani was the second-in-command of ISIS and chief propagandist of the Islamic State. Al-Adnani often incited lone-wolf terrorist attacks on the West.

⁴ "Hijrah," or "migration," is a classic Islamic term for Muhammad's journey from Mecca to Medina. Hijrah is described as migrating from a non-Islamic country to an Islamic country. Hijrah is also frequently used as a term to describe an extremist's travel and resettlement to ISIS-controlled areas.

around March 2015.

- 13. UCC recalled a time before they broke contact when she was upset at work due to non-Muslim women wearing shorts that exposed their bodies. UCC told Duncan via an encrypted mobile messaging application she was upset with the way these women dressed and she wanted to do something about it. Duncan replied with a link to a website, and a message saying she could "try this." UCC stated that the link contained pictures and instructions on how to make weapons and bombs. UCC stated the link was to an article titled, "How to build a bomb in the kitchen of your Mom" from Inspire magazine.⁵
- 14. In or around January 2016 (a month before Duncan and his wife's trip to Turkey), Duncan asked UCC if she still wanted to go to Syria and to be his second wife. UCC asked Duncan if his current wife would be okay with UCC coming with them to Syria. Duncan stated that his wife would have to be okay with it. UCC did not agree to go, and the two broke contact again.
- 15. In or around December 2016, Duncan, utilizing a mobile messaging account, reinitiated contact with UCC. Duncan told UCC that he had come back from Turkey, where he and his wife were deported back to the United States. Duncan said he thought the FBI was monitoring him, but would not elaborate on why he was deported or why the FBI was monitoring him. Duncan said he did not want to implicate himself and that his wife can keep secrets. Duncan stated that his wife knows what to say when questioned by authorities. In or around July 2017, the FBI reviewed the UCC's phones and confirmed there were communications between Duncan and UCC on encrypted mobile messaging applications.

⁵ Inspire Magazine is an online publication produced by Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula.

C. UCE #2's Interaction with Duncan

- 16. On or about August 2, 2017, the FBI identified a mobile messaging account ("MM2") with a naming convention similar to the one used by UCC to communicate with Duncan ("MM1"). A review of the profile photographs for this second mobile messaging account showed a photograph of Duncan and his father. Additionally, the FBI conducted a search of Duncan's new phone number ending in 9440 in an encrypted messaging application, and uncovered that phone number was associated with MM2.
- 17. On or about August 11, 2017, an FBI undercover employee (UCE #2) operating in an undercover capacity and posing as UCC, contacted Duncan, who was using MM2. UCE #2 told Duncan that "she" had been arrested by foreign authorities. Immediately after being told this, Duncan created secure chats and self-destruct timers to destroy the content of his messages with UCE #2. UCE #2 told Duncan that "she" intended to make "hijrah." Duncan stated, "Hm, you know a fence Someone to take you, and is it safe in Iraq." Later, UCE #2 asked Duncan if he had a contact in Syria, to which Duncan responded, "No a couple have been marytred (sic)."
- 18. On or about August 20, 2017, UCE #2 told Duncan that "she" was in contact with an individual in Libya who was attempting to facilitate his/her travel to Libya. UCE #2 told Duncan that the Libyan contact was asking various vetting questions prior to assisting UCE #2. UCE #2 told Duncan that "her" Libyan contact was asking strange questions, such as UCE #2's blood type and family contact. UCE #2 then asked Duncan if he (Duncan) and his wife were asked similar questions when they tried to travel to Syria. Duncan stated, "they won't ask that." Duncan further stated, "I didnt (sic) go for that Just honeymoon."
- 19. However, later in the conversation, UCE #2 asked Duncan what to do about "her" contact in Libya. Duncan recommended that UCE #2 "... lie to him." Duncan stated he had

never dealt with unnecessary vetting by "contacts" and that he had "always had referrals."

Based on my training and experience, I know that ISIS uses a referral system to recruit new members, and I interpret Duncan's statement to mean that Duncan did not get asked questions by his contacts because he had "referrals" who could give them "tazkiyah."

- D. Evidence from a Detained ISIS Supporter
- 20. In or around October 2017, law enforcement authorities of a foreign government arrested one of their citizens (Recruiter 1) for inciting rebellion. Recruiter 1 is an ISIS recruiter who is suspected of drawing foreign fighters from around the world to Recruiter 1's home country using social media. Recruiter 1 was married to two jihadis with connections to ISIS, one of whom is dead and the other of whom was arrested for extremism by his home country. Recruiter 1 posted a message on an electronic messaging application soliciting local and foreign Muslims to help terrorists fight government troops in her home country.
- 21. On or about December 4, 2017, during an interview with FBI agents, Recruiter 1 was shown a copy of approximately ten pages of handwritten names and telephone numbers seized from her house by the foreign government law enforcement authorities. Recruiter 1 said she had begun recording the names and telephone numbers of individuals who had requested to join her Telegram, Facebook, or other social media and/or communication application groups. Recruiter 1 said each of the listed individuals had been a member of at least one of her groups at one time. Recruiter 1's notes included a handwritten name appearing to be "Sean Ibn Gary Duncan," with associated phone number ending in 7730 and associated username MM1.

⁶ Tazkiyah is a recommendation from a Ji-hadi Shaykh from their homeland or a Mujahid already in the land of Ji-had. It is a generally given by an existing member of ISIS to show an individual is trustworthy.

- E. <u>Duncan's Phone History Research to Conduct Attacks</u>
- 22. On or about June 29, 2017, the Allegheny County Police Department ("ACPD") provided a copy of Duncan's phone to the FBI. ACPD had obtained this copy during an investigation surrounding the recent death of Duncan's infant child (the cause of death in the autopsy was inconclusive). Duncan consented in writing to ACPD's search of his phone. The FBI's review of Duncan's imaged phone revealed numerous internet searches for ISIS-related material, ISIS attacks, weapons, body armor, surveillance and defense tactics, and paintball venues⁷ in the Pennsylvania area from in or around March 2017 to June 2017.
- 23. In or around April 2016, Duncan took pictures of knives that appeared to be machetes, as well as receipts for those knives. Based on my training and experience, I know that ISIS encourages its followers to conduct knife attacks.
- 24. In or around March 2017, Duncan conducted Internet searches for home security cameras, hidden cameras, and body-worn cameras, and for "Black Flag" - a term related to the black flag of ISIS.⁸
- 25. In or around April 2017, Duncan searched for military style combat gear, bulletproof body armor, airsoft/paintball equipment, M4 rifle magazine inserts, an instructional

⁷ Paintball has historically been a method used by extremists to prepare for fighting overseas in support of Designated Terrorist Organizations (DTOs).

⁸ The black flag is a common symbol in Islamic tradition. Historical references to black flags have been featured in Islamic hadiths prophesying the end of times when a Muslim army carrying black banners will come from Khorasan (according to Islamic tradition, geographical territory roughly equated with areas of present day Afghanistan and Pakistan). ISIS uses such prophecies to provide theological context and rationalization for their activities and world view. ISIS utilizes a black flag featuring the Islamic profession of faith or shahada. The specific flag designed and utilized by ISIS features "No god but God" in white Arabic script across the top and "Mohammad is the Messenger of God" in black Arabic script inside a white circle.

YouTube video on how to "reinforce door with a barricade," and Abu Bakr Al-Baghdadi, who is the leader of ISIS. Duncan searched for bullet-proof body armor and military-style combat gear on numerous online stores and personal sales advertisements, and reviewed several instructional videos on how to wear the equipment. Duncan conducted searches for body armor that would cover his entire body, the Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania laws for body armor, and he conducted a general search for "mass body armor laws." The military-style combat gear included 5.56 caliber 30-round triple magazine, battle/tactical belts, "combat" trousers, harnesses, holsters, tactical vests, plate carriers, and knee pads. Duncan appeared to have documented the particular brands of body armor within the personal notes section of his phone.

- 26. On or about April 1, 2017, Duncan took video of tactical gear and a rifle carrying case that appeared to be in a firearms or military surplus store.
- 27. In or around May 2017, Duncan searched for an AR15 rifle, TAC 19 pistol, information on the FBI and Department of Homeland Security, to include the personal information of a United States Customs and Immigration Service Officer, guerilla warfare, and "Manchester Attacks and Salman Abedi." On or about May 5, 2017, Duncan purchased an item from evike.com, an online store that specializes in airsoft guns, to include sniper rifles and

⁹ Abu Bakr Al-Baghdadi, named a Specially Designated Global Terrorist (SDGT) by the US Department of State, is the senior leader of ISIS and self-proclaimed Caliph of the Islamic State declared by ISIS. Al-Baghdadi has encouraged Muslims to travel to ISIS-controlled areas to fight on their behalf. More recently, Al-Baghdadi has encouraged ISIS supporters to conduct attack in their homelands. ISIS, under the direction and leadership of Al-Baghdadi, is responsible for the deaths of thousands of civilians around the world.

¹⁰ On or about May 22, 2017, British national Salman Abedi conducted a suicide bombing at the Manchester Arena in Manchester, United Kingdom, during an Ariana Grande concert. The attack resulted in the deaths of approximately 23 individuals (including Abedi) and left over 500 individuals injured. It is believed that Abedi was in contact with ISIS members in Libya. Shortly thereafter, ISIS claimed responsibility for the attack, describing Abedi as a "soldier of the caliphate."

tactical apparel. On or about May 10, 2017, Duncan took a video of a magazine containing pictures of rifles and accessories.

- 28. In or around June 2017, Duncan extensively searched for terms such as watchlist statuses leaked, watchlist terms, watchlist explanations, and known suspected terrorists.
- 29. Based on my training and experience I know the above-described searches conducted by Duncan are indicative of an individual planning and researching how to conduct an attack and defend himself from severe bodily harm. The search history on Duncan's phone reveals hundreds of searches related to the above-described material between March 2017 and June 2017. Moreover, during ACPD's review of Duncan's phone and laptop in or around June 2017, ACPD discovered over 24,000 positive results after searching a list of common counterterrorism terms.

II. Search of Duncan's Residence

30. On December 19, 2017, United States Magistrate Judge Theresa Carroll Buchanan authorized a search of Duncan's residence, on Courtyard Square, in Sterling, Virginia, for evidence of attempts to provide material support to ISIS, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2339B, as well as false statements, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1001. Among the items authorized for seizure in the search were files or information (including files or information on computers or phones) involving travel or attempts to travel overseas; communications with members of foreign terrorist groups, and/or foreign or U.S.-based radicalizers or facilitators, or co-conspirators; contact lists of individuals associated with foreign terrorist groups, and/or foreign or U.S.-based radicalizers or facilitators; records of internet activity, or other information identifying support for or research related to a foreign terrorist group; and information, programs, tools or

applications that may be used for overt or clandestine/covert communications, and any associated contacts or communications history.

- 31. On December 29, 2017, FBI agents executed the search warrant at Duncan's residence. Upon execution of the warrant, the agents knocked on the door, identified themselves as FBI, and announced that they were there to execute a search warrant. Receiving no response, the agents knocked and announced their presence again, but received no response again. The agents then forcibly opened the door, and again identified themselves as FBI, and that they were there to execute a search warrant. The agents at the front door did not see anyone.
- 32. Moments before the FBI agents entered the residence through the front door,
 Duncan ran out the back door, barefoot, and with something clenched in his fist. FBI agents
 guarding the back door yelled at Duncan to stop. Before stopping, Duncan threw a plastic
 baggie over the heads of the agents.
- 33. FBI agents recovered the baggie thrown by Duncan. The baggie was a clear plastic Ziploc bag, containing a memory chip stored within a thumb drive that had been snapped into pieces, and placed in a liquid substance that produced frothy white bubbles.
- 34. Upon searching Duncan, agents recovered a broken casing for a thumb drive from Duncan's pants pocket.
- 35. Based on my training and experience, I know that thumb drives can be plugged into computers and used to store large gigabyte amounts of electronic information, to include images and documents. Based on my training and experience, I know that criminals often use thumb drives to store evidence of their criminal activity that they do not want found on their computers.

36. In light of the circumstances, I believe that Duncan fled from the house with the baggie and the memory chip and the broken thumb drive in order to conceal those items from the FBI agents that Duncan knew were about to search his house. Further, I believe that the thumb drive was snapped in pieces because Duncan altered, destroyed, and mutilated it in order to impede and obstruct the FBI's investigation of him for attempting to provide material support to terrorists. Similarly, based on the circumstances, I believe that the memory chip was contained in a baggie containing a liquid substance because Duncan altered, destroyed, and mutilated it in order to impede and obstruct the FBI's investigation of him.

Conclusion

37. Based upon the foregoing, I submit there is probable cause to support that on December 29, 2017, in Sterling, Virginia, Sean Andrew Duncan knowingly altered, destroyed, mutilated, and concealed tangible objects, that is, a thumb drive and memory chip, with the intent to impede and obstruct the investigation of a matter within the jurisdiction of the FBI, a department or agency of the United States, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1519.

Katherine Campo

Special Agent

Federal Bureau of Investigation

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me on December 30, 2017.

Ivan D. Davis

United States Magistrate Judge